

More effective water use by rainfed wheat in China and Australia



Key details

Location China		
Duration		
Start Jun 2008		End Sep 2013
Budget	AUD 871,68	9
Commissione CSIRO	d organisatio	1
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Project Leade	r	
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Program	<u>Crops</u>	
Project code	CIM/2005/11	1

wheats in north-western China.

In both north-western China and Australia, conservation farming practices are being promoted as an important component of more-sustainable farming systems. CSIRO Plant Industry has been achieving considerable breeding success for dryland wheat in Australia by targeting specific traits that make more effective use of available water. Some of these traits have also been shown to improve adaptation of wheat to conservation farming practices.

Outcomes

No final report was submitted for this project.



Overview

This project aimed to extend dryland wheat breeding success to northwestern China by working with leading breeding programs for dryland